

What Is Claimed Is:

1 1. A finger print minutiae extraction method comprising:
2 acquiring fingerprint image data;
3 partitioning said fingerprint image data into at least one data block
4 corresponding to a local area of said image data;
5 generating a histogram function of a contrast level of said image data
6 corresponding to said data blocks; and
7 performing a histogram transformation of said histogram function,
8 wherein said histogram transformation is adapted to the contrast level of
9 said local area of said fingerprint image data and pre-enhanced fingerprint image data
10 is generated with local enhancement.

1 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
2 partitioning said fingerprint image data into a plurality of data blocks, each of
3 said plurality of blocks corresponding to a different local area of said image data and at
4 least one of said plurality blocks having a contrast level different than a second of said
5 plurality of data blocks,
6 wherein said histogram transformation is adapted to said different
7 contrast levels of said plurality of blocks and pre-enhanced fingerprint image data is
8 generated with local enhancement for a plurality of local areas of said image data.

1 3. The method of claim 1, wherein said histogram transformation includes
2 using an objective function with a relatively high value at both endpoints of an intensity
3 interval and a relatively low value at a middle of said intensity interval.

1 4. The method of claim 1, wherein noise and distortions in said image data
2 are reduced.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein said histogram transform maps said histogram function to a specific function according to a mapping algorithm including

$$x \mapsto \arg \min_y \{y \mid \int_y g(t) dt < f(y)\}$$

wherein $f(x)$ is a target histogram function and said target histogram function has low value at the mid-point and has a high value at the endpoint of the interval.

6. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
performing orientation filtering on said pre-enhanced data using directional convolution for two dimensional digital image processing,
wherein said pre-enhanced image data is smoothed and enhanced.

7. The method of claim 6, wherein the following algorithm is used in said orientation filtering

$$g(i, j, k) = \sum_{l=1}^M f(i + y_{offset}(l), j + x_{offset}(l)) \times h(l).$$

8. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
thinning said fingerprint image data to remove false connections of ridges in said data,
wherein said thinning includes applying a first table and a second table to a plurality of pixels using an algorithm.

9. The method of claim 1, further comprising generating a first table and a second table using rules for character data and biological data.

10. The method of claim 9, wherein said rules for biological data include

If $P_1 * P_7 * P_8 = 1$ and $P_2 + P_6 > 0$ and $P_3 + P_5 = 0$ then $LUT_1(P) = 0$;

If $P_5 * P_6 * P_7 = 1$ and $P_4 + P_8 > 0$ and $P_1 + P_3 = 0$ then $LUT_1(P) = 0$;

If $P_1 * P_2 * P_3 = 1$ and $P_4 + P_8 > 0$ and $P_5 + P_7 = 0$ then $LUT_2(P) = 0$; and

If $P_3 * P_4 * P_5 = 1$ and $P_2 + P_6 > 0$ and $P_1 + P_7 = 0$ then $LUT_2(P) = 0$,

6 wherein $A(P)$ is a number of 0-1 patterns in an order set $P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5, P_6,$
7 P_7, P_8, P_1 , where $P_i, i=1, \dots, 8$, are 8-neighbors of a pixel in a clockwise direction, and
8 $B(P)$ is a number of nonzero neighbors of P .

1 11. A method for fingerprint registration and verification from minutiae comprising:
2 performing a Hough transform on fingerprint image data and generating
3 evidences in lattice bins;
4 counting the evidences accumulated in said lattice bin;
5 shifting a lattice;
6 determining the number of evidences in each bin of said shifted lattice;
7 repeating said shifting and counting in each direction of said lattice until a
8 bin is completely overlapped with its diagonal neighbor,
9 wherein shifting the lattice enhances the spatial resolution of the Hough
10 transform.

1 12. The method of claim 10, wherein said shifting said lattice occurs at a
2 predetermined step size.

1 13. The method of claim 10, wherein said shifting the lattice partitions each
2 bin into blocks, each block is assigned a number equal to the number of evidences
3 in the corresponding bin, the numbers of the overlapped blocks are summed and
4 transform parameters are specified using the block that corresponds to the highest
5 sum.

1 14. The method of claim 10, further comprising:
2 determining the maximum number of evidence counts in the bins;
3 determining transformation parameters corresponding to the bins with the
4 maximum evidence counts;
5 determining the variance of said transformational parameters;
6 determining a matching score of a fingerprint image and a template
7 fingerprint image based on said variance of the transformational parameters and said
8 maximum number of counts.

1 15. The method of claim 13, wherein the matching score is determined using a
2 sigmoid nonlinear function.

1 16. A system for biological data matching comprising:
2 an image reader for acquiring personal biological image data;
3 a template of biological image data;
4 a pre-enhancing unit adapted to pre-enhance said personal biological
5 image data according to local and global areas of contrast;
6 an image smoothing and enhancement filter for enhancing said pre-
7 enhanced image data;
8 an orientation data thinner for removing false data in said personal
9 biological image data;
10 a registration unit for aligning said personal biological image data with
11 said template image data; and
12 a matching score generating unit for determining if said biological data
13 matches said template print.

1 17. The system of claim 15, wherein said personal biological image data and
2 said temple image data include a fingerprint, iris, voice, hand geometry, face, or palm
3 pattern.

1 18. The system of claim 15, further comprising:
2 a database including a plurality of templates of biological image data,
3 wherein said system determines which template of said plurality of
4 templates in said database matches said personal biological image data.

1 19. The system of claim 15, wherein said registration unit aligns said image
2 data with said template using a Hough transform and shifts a lattice to enhance the
3 spatial resolution of the Hough transform.

1 20. The system of claim 15, wherein said pre-enhancing unit enhances local
2 areas of contrast by partitioning said image data into image data blocks, generating
3 a histogram function of a contrast level of said image data corresponding to said
4 data blocks, and performing a histogram transformation of said histogram function.